

Congenital heart defects (CHDs) are heart problems that are present from birth.

CHDs are the most common type of congenital condition. Approximately 1% of infants born in the United States have a CHD.

## Critical and Noncritical CHDs

Critical CHDs are potentially lifethreatening and often require surgery before age 1.

Noncritical CHDs are not immediately life-threatening, but may still lead to serious health problems.



25% of CHDs are critical.

## According to the CDC, Life Expectancy With a CHD



of people with a **critical CHD live to age 18**.



of people with a **noncritical** CHD live to age 18.

# **CHD Diagnosis**

CHDs are frequently diagnosed within the first year of life. Still, some may not be diagnosed until childhood or adulthood.

#### Diagnosis may include:

- A physical exam
- Genetic testing
- Heart tests

A fetal echocardiography at 18 to 24 weeks of pregnancy can diagnose many CHDs before birth.

About 4 out of 10 CHDs are now diagnosed before birth.





# **Causes of CHDs**

The cause of CHDs is often unknown.

#### CHDs may be more likely due to:

- Diabetes or gestational diabetes during pregnancy
- Genetics
- Exposure to smoke during pregnancy
- Use of certain medications during pregnancy

### Want to know more about congenital heart defects? Find a pediatric cardiology specialist at weillcornell.org/doctors

